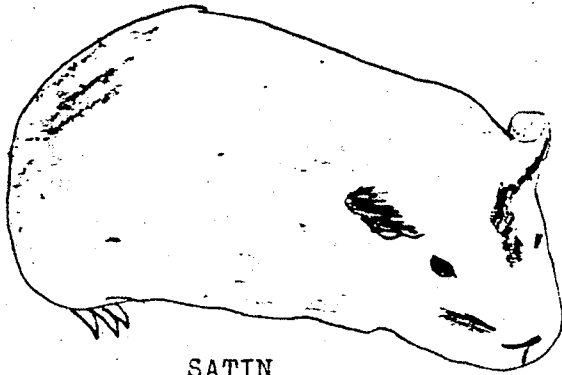
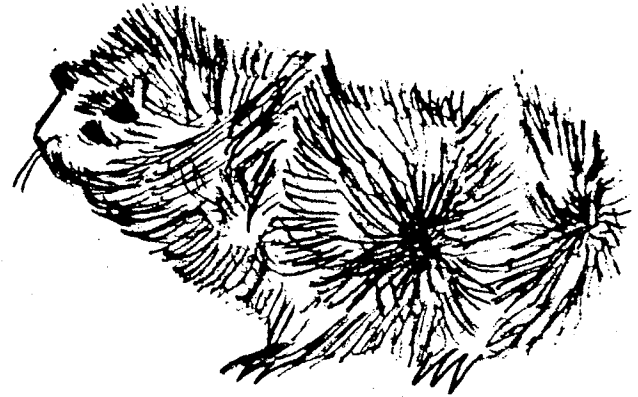


NAME _____
CLUB _____



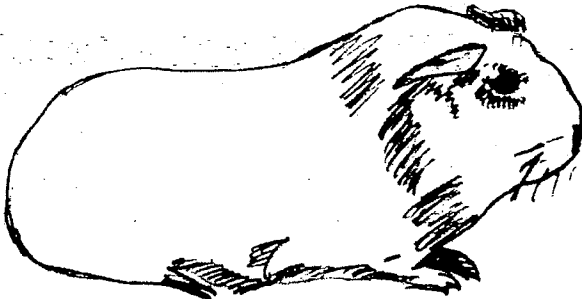
SATIN



ABYSSINIAN

CAVIES

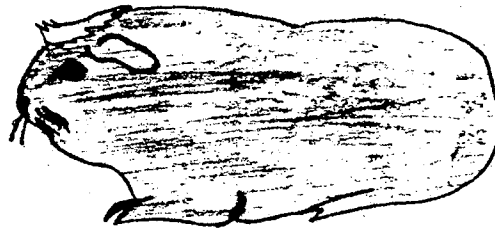
REPORT FORM



AMERICAN



TEDDY



CRESTED



PERUVIAN



SILKY

A 4-H Cavy project requires little space and a minimum investment. A cavy project is fun and educational and a successful project teaches responsibility and management to the 4-H member. Cavies can be raised by many members who are unable to raise other livestock. They can be raised in cages or aquariums in an apartment and have no odor. They can easily be handled by even the youngest 4-H member.

The purpose of the 4-H cavy program is to teach members the proper ways to feed, manage and show cavies. For those starting this project, it would be wise to start with young purebred animals, usually two females (sows) and one male (boar) of the same breed. Both sexes may be housed together in one cage.

This book is for you to use in keeping a record of your project. You will also want a copy of the 4-H Cavy Manual available at your County Extension Office. It will explain the care and feeding of your cavy.

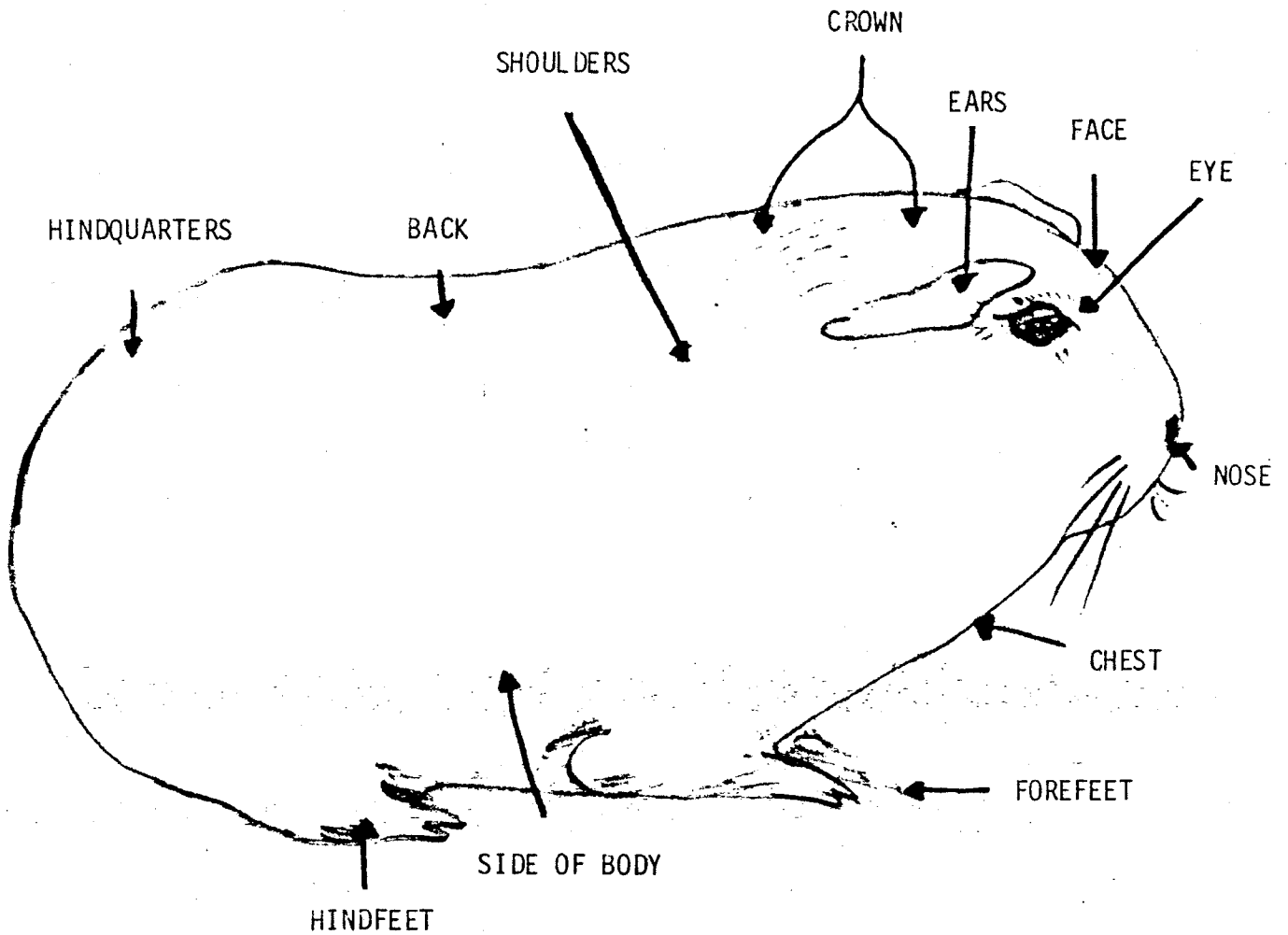
NAME _____

CLUB _____

YEARS IN PROJECT _____

RECORD PREPARED BY DEBBIE HUDDLESTON - 4-H VOLUNTEER - SARASOTA COUNTY

PARTS OF THE BODY



Reproductive Data:

Gestation period
Average litter size
Breeding age
Weaning age

68 days

2 to 6

3 mo. (sow) 5 to 6 mo. (boar)

2 to 2½ weeks

Feeding:

Cavies should have feed in front of them at all times. Commercial cavy pellets are fine, but expensive. A good commercial rabbit pellet supplemented with several leaves of lettuce (cavies cannot store viticin C) will do nicely.

Housing

3 sows may easily be kept with one boar. A solid bottom on the cage with shavings are a must as they get their feet caught in wire and they may break a leg.

INVENTORY

An inventory at the start and close of the project is a necessary part of cavy record keeping. The list below is for your beginning inventory and that is a written record of all the items you have when you first begin your project. Beginning inventory values are either the amount you have paid to start your project or in case you have stock or feed on hand, the estimated value.

BEGINNING INVENTORY

Project start date _____

CAVIES NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	VALUE
TOTAL		

EQUIP. NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	VALUE
TOTAL		

FEED POUNDS	DESCRIPTION	VALUE
TOTAL		

DEMONSTRATIONS

List all the demonstrations or talks given that are related to this project. Also, if possible, include pictures of yourself during the talk/demonstration. Space is provided below for these pictures.

DATE	WHERE GIVEN

Demonstration Pictures

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

EXPENSES

1. Total expenses (from page 4) _____
2. Value of beginning Cavy inventory
(from page 3) _____
3. Value of beginning equipment inventory
(from page 3) _____
4. Value of beginning feed inventory
(from page 3) _____
5. TOTAL EXPENSES OF PROJECT
(add lines 1 to 4) _____

RECEIPTS

6. Total receipts (from page 5) _____
7. Value of ending Cavy inventory
(from page 7) _____
8. Value of ending equipment inventory
(from page 7) _____
9. Value of ending feed inventory
(from page 7) _____
10. TOTAL RECEIPTS OF YOUR PROJECT
(add lines 6 to 9) _____
11. Subtract 10% of your ending equipment
inventory for depreciation (page 7) _____
12. Adjusted Total Receipts of project
(subtract line 11 from line 10) _____
13. TOTAL GAIN ON PROJECT
(subtract line 5 from line 12) _____

PICTURES

PICTURES

PICTURES

PICTURES

PICTURES

PICTURES

NOTES